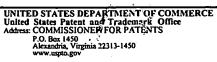


UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/466,178	12/17/1999	ANDREW PETER BRADLEY	169.1523	9858
5514	7590 06/03/2004		EXAMINER	
FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA NEW YORK, NY 10112			KIBLER, VIRGINIA M	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2623	10
			DATE MAILED: 06/03/2004	ΙX

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/466,178	BRADLEY ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Virginia M Kibler	2623				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fror e, cause the application to become ABANDON	mely filed ys will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 h	May 2004					
	_ _					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)	awn from consideration. Vare rejected. Understanding to be a second consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Its have been received in Applica Drity documents have been receiv Bau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ved in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summar					
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>16</u>. 	Paper No(s)/Mail I 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 5/3/04 has been entered.

Response to Amendment

2. The amendment received on 5/3/04 has been entered. Claims 1-5, 7, and 10-24 remain pending.

Specification

3. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: "ie." should be changed to "i.e." on page 1, line 22; "each kernel as" should be changed to "each kernel has" on page 2, line 5; "eg." should be changed to "e.g." on page 3, line 27; and "artefacts" should be changed to "artifacts" on page 9, line 8 and page 13, line 27.

Appropriate correction is required.

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Claim Objections

4. Claims 1-5 and 7 are objected to because of the following informalities: "cleansing process" should be changed to "cleaning process" in claim 1, line 10.

Claims 2-5 and 7 depend on claim 1, and are thereby objected to.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1, 2, 5-7, 10, 11, 14-16, 19-21, and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Van Nostrand (5,008,752) in view of Tai (5,054,100).

Regarding claims 1, 10, 15, and 20, Van Nostrand discloses a method of interpolating a first set of discrete sample values to generate a second set of discrete sample values using one of a plurality of interpolation kernels (Abstract), wherein the interpolation kernel 16 is selected 15 depending on the type of image content including a local contrast indicator being used to indicate text regions represented by the first set of discrete sample values in order to optimize the selection of the interpolation kernel (Col. 5, lines 41-57). Van Nostrand discloses employing more interpolation kernels providing different degrees of edge enhancement (Col. 15, lines 3-

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20). Van Nostrand further discloses wherein the selection of the interpolation kernel is performed using a kernel selection map processed in accordance with a cleaning process such that the kernel selected for a particular discrete sample value of the first set is dependent on the kernel selected for a further discrete sample value adjacent to the particular discrete sample value (Col. 15, lines 3-20). While Van Nostrand indicates the use of edge direction (Col. 13, lines 10-18) and edge strength (Col. 15, lines 3-20) in the selection of the interpolation kernel, Van Nostrand does not explicitly disclose including an edge strength indicator and an edge direction indicator. However, Tai teaches that it is known to modify factors of interpolation of an image depending on an edge strength indicator and an edge direction indicator (Abstract; Col. 5, lines 56-58; Col. 6, lines 4-11). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified the selection of interpolation kernels disclosed by Van Nostrand to include selecting the interpolation kernels depending on an edge strength indicator and an edge direction indicator as taught by Tai because edge detection techniques are well known and routinely utilized in the art and it provides selective edge enhancement in the interpolation images (Van Nostrand, Col. 15, lines 9-14) thereby preserving the sharpness of high contrast edges and reducing the need for enhancement processing before or after the interpolation processing.

Regarding claims 2, 11, 16, and 21, Van Nostrand discloses the plurality of interpolation kernels are each derived from a universal interpolation kernel (Col. 5, lines 2-39).

Regarding claims 5, 14, 19, and 24, Van Nostrand discloses the first set of discrete sample values are at a different resolution than the second set of discrete sample values (Abstract).

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Regarding claim 7, Van Nostrand and Tai do not appear to recognize including a morphological process. However, using a morphological operation is known in the image processing prior art, as indicated in the applicant's disclosure (Page 9, lines 16-18). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have modified the indicators disclosed by Van Nostrand and Tai to include a morphological operation in order to emphasize edge-enhanced image of the boundaries of the objects in the image.

Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claims 3, 4, 12, 13, 17, 18, 22, and 23 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed 5/3/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Summary of Applicant's Arguments: Van Nostrand does not specify using an edge strength indicator and an edge direction indicator. Van Nostrand does not teach or suggest selecting an interpolation kernel using a kernel selection map processed in accordance with a cleaning process such that the kernel selected for a particular discrete sample value of the first set is dependent on the kernel selected for a further discrete sample value adjacent to the particular discrete sample value. Tai does not overcome the deficiencies of Van Nostrand. Nothing has

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been found in Tai that would teach or suggest selecting interpolation kernels from a plurality of interpolation kernels.

Examiner's Response: Van Nostrand does not specify using an edge strength indicator and an edge direction indicator. However, Van Nostrand does suggest employing a plurality of interpolation kernels providing different degrees of edge enhancement (Col. 15, lines 3-20). Tai teaches that it is known to modify interpolation of an image depending on an edge strength indicator and an edge direction indicator (Abstract; Col. 5, lines 56-58; Col. 6, lines 4-11). The combined teachings of Van Nostrand and Tai meet the claimed language. Furthermore, Tai is not relied upon for selecting interpolation kernels from a plurality of interpolation kernels. Van Nostrand further discloses wherein the selection of the interpolation kernel is performed using a kernel selection map processed in accordance with a cleaning process such that the kernel selected for a particular discrete sample value of the first set is dependent on the kernel selected for a further discrete sample value adjacent to the particular discrete sample value (Col. 15, lines 3-20).

Contact Information

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Virginia M Kibler whose telephone number is (703) 306-4072. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thurs 8:00 - 5:30 and every other Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Amelia Au can be reached on (703) 308-6604. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Virginia Kibler

Vunne Kille

05/28/04

MEHADAD DASTOURI PRIMARY EXAMINER Whitehold Daston.